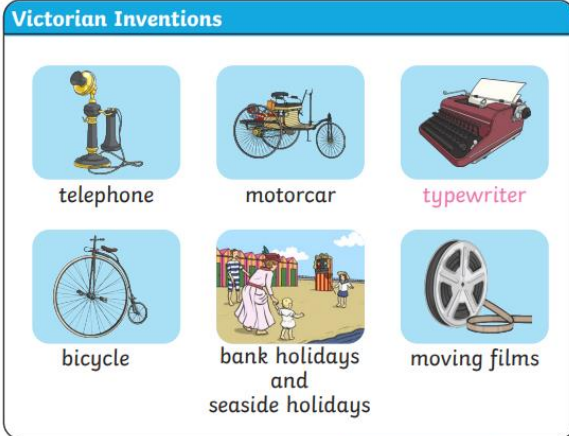
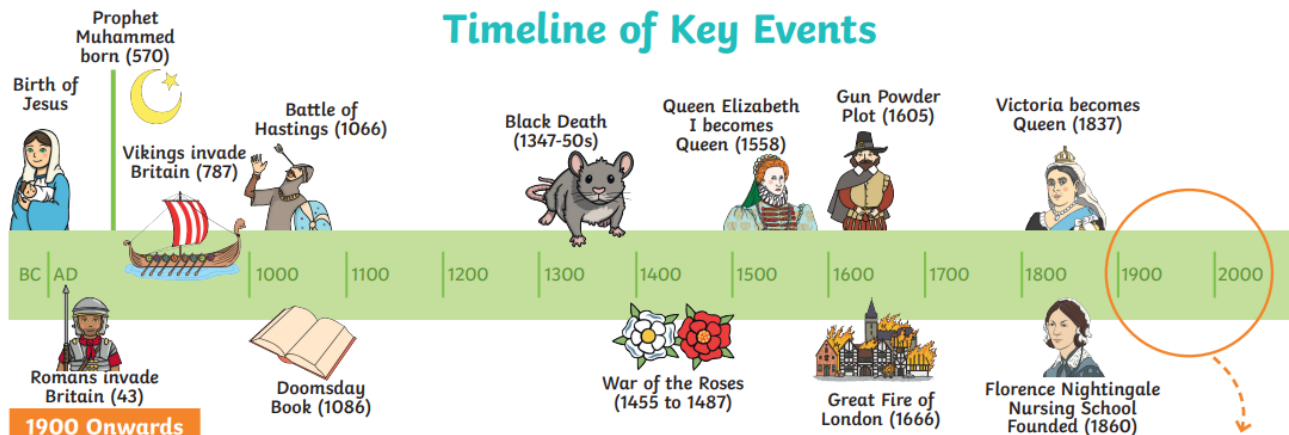


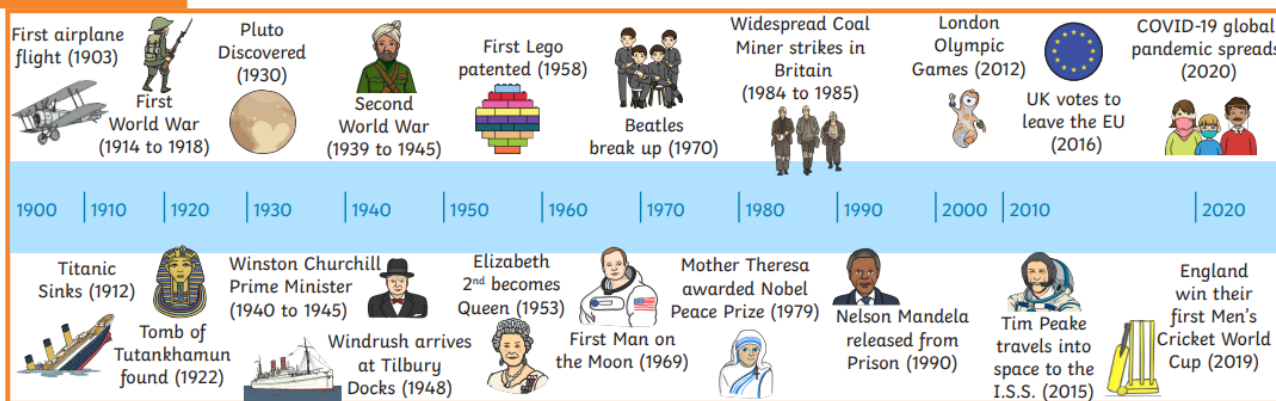
Enquiry Knowledge Organiser: What did Brunel do for Great Britain? Year 2



Timeline of Key Events



1900 Onwards



Some people in the past are considered significant because of the contribution they made to wider society (not necessarily famous); this is called a legacy which many people benefit in the future as well as at the time of creation. To be significant sometimes involves being brave and challenging the status quo and thinking of things in a different way, like I. K. Brunel.

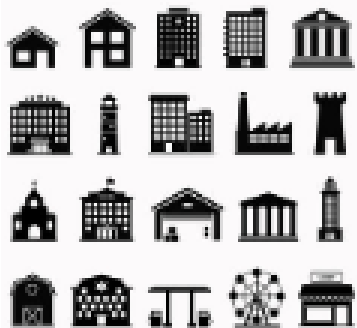
Engineer







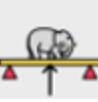



Engineer

Vocabulary:

strengthen
evaluate
improve
structure
transport
bridge
steamship
vessel
dock
engine



function		How something works.
made		Made by people
mould		To form different shapes out of soft, squishy materials
natural		Found in nature eg spider's web or a sheep's wool
stable		Object does not easily topple over
stiff		A material or object that does not bend easily
strong		Something that does not break easily eg wood, brick or a building
weak		something that breaks easily eg paper or eggshells

What knowledge do I already have?

- In Year 1 we learnt about Princess Campbell. She was significant because she became the first Black ward sister in Bristol.
- We can order events that happened before we were born, before our parents were born and before our grandparents were born.

In 1831, at just 24 years old, Isambard designed the Clifton Suspension Bridge, which runs across the River Avon in Bristol. It was not completed until 1864, five years after he died.

