

## Roman Numerals

A letter placed **after** a greater value adds:  
 $XVII = 10 + 5 + 1 = 17$

A letter placed **before** a greater value subtracts:  
 $XXIX = 10 + 10 + (10 - 1) = 29$

I	I	XI	II	XXX	30
II	2	XII	12	XL	40
III	3	XIII	13	L	50
IV	4	XIV	14	LX	60
V	5	XV	15	LXX	70
VI	6	XVI	16	LXXX	80
VII	7	XVII	17	XC	90
VIII	8	XVIII	18	C	100
IX	9	XIX	19	D	500
X	10	XX	20	M	1,000

## Addition

Th	H	T	O
4	6	7	3
+ 1	5	1	8
6	1	9	1
1	1		

2,138    1,378

2,138    ?

1,378    ?

2,148    ?

## Subtraction

Th	H	T	O
2	3	14	3
- 1	5	1	
2	1	9	2

4,357 – 2,735 = 1,622

4,357

2,735    ?

4,357

2,735    ?

## Multiplication

Hundreds	Tens	Ones
3	4	
x 5		
1	7	0
1	2	

100    10    1

100    10    1

## Division

Tens	Ones
52	12
÷ 4	4
10	5
10 + 3 = 13	

52    12

÷ 4

10    5

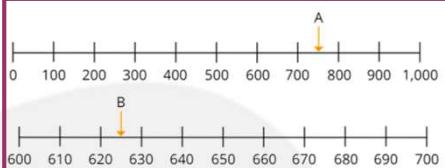
10 + 3 = 13

## Fractions to Decimals

$\frac{1}{10} = 0.1$	$\frac{6}{10} = 0.6$	$\frac{1}{2} = 0.5$
$\frac{2}{10} = 0.2$	$\frac{7}{10} = 0.7$	$\frac{1}{4} = 0.25$
$\frac{3}{10} = 0.3$	$\frac{8}{10} = 0.8$	$\frac{3}{4} = 0.75$
$\frac{4}{10} = 0.4$	$\frac{9}{10} = 0.9$	$\frac{1}{100} = 0.01$
$\frac{5}{10} = 0.5$	$\frac{10}{10} = 1$	$\frac{23}{100} = 0.23$

Round to the nearest 10  
 $54 \rightarrow 50$   
 $55 \rightarrow 60$   
 $313 \rightarrow 310$   
 $549 \rightarrow 550$

Round to the nearest 100  
 $415 \rightarrow 400$   
 $950 \rightarrow 1,000$   
 $4,661 \rightarrow 4,700$   
 $7,221 \rightarrow 7,200$



## Place Value Grid

tens of thousands	thousands	hundreds	tens	ones		tenths	hundredths
10,000	1,000	100	10	1	●	0.1	0.01

Greater Than  
 $8 > 5$   
 Less Than  
 $5 < 8$   
 Equal To  
 $7 = 7$

## Multiplication Tables

X	10	5	2	4	8	3	6	7	9	11	12
1	10	5	2	4	8	3	6	7	9	11	12
2	20	10	4	8	16	6	12	14	18	22	24
3	30	15	6	12	24	9	18	21	27	33	36
4	40	20	8	16	32	12	24	28	36	44	48
5	50	25	10	20	40	15	30	35	45	55	60
6	60	30	12	24	48	18	36	42	54	66	72
7	70	35	14	28	56	21	42	49	63	77	84
8	80	40	16	32	64	24	48	56	72	88	96
9	90	45	18	36	72	27	54	63	81	99	108
10	100	50	20	40	80	30	60	70	90	110	120
11	110	55	22	44	88	33	66	77	99	121	132
12	120	60	24	48	96	36	72	84	108	132	144

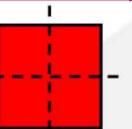
## Year Four Maths Organiser

## Symmetry - regular polygons

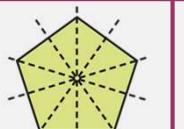
equilateral triangle



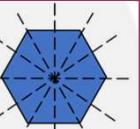
square



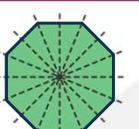
pentagon



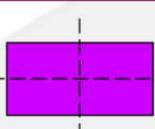
hexagon



octagon

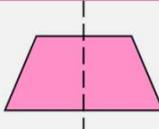


rectangle

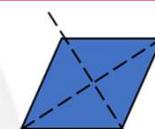


## Symmetry - irregular polygons

trapezium



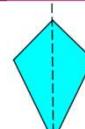
rhombus



parallelogram



kite



## Measurements

mm in a cm

$10 \text{ mm} = 1 \text{ cm}$

m in a km

$1,000 \text{ m in } 1 \text{ km}$

mm in a m

$1,000 \text{ mm} = 1 \text{ m}$

g in a kg

$1,000 \text{ g} = 1 \text{ kg}$

cm in a m

$100 \text{ cm} = 1 \text{ m}$

ml in a l

$1,000 \text{ ml} = 1 \text{ l}$

60 seconds in a minute

60 minutes in an hour

24 hours in one day

7 days in a week

12 months in one year

12-hour time

24-hour time

5:09 am

05:45

10:17 am

10:17

1:45 pm

13:45

8:39 pm

20:39

## Money

1 pence  
1p



2 pence  
2p



5 pence  
5p



10 pence  
10p

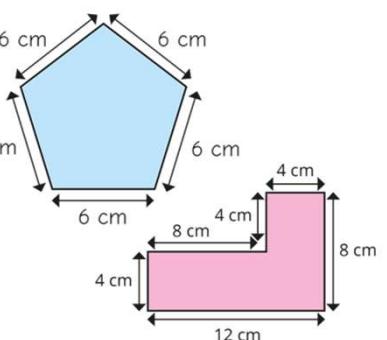
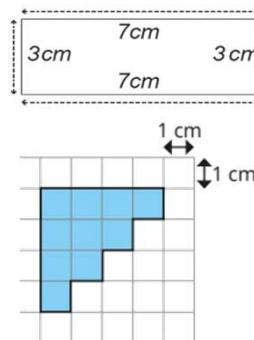


20 pence  
20p

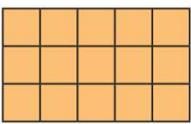


50 pence  
50p

## Perimeter



## Area



There are 3 rows altogether.

There are 5 squares in a row.

3 rows of 5 squares = 15 squares

The area of the shape is 15 squares.

## Days in a Month

January

31

July

31

February

28

August

31

March

31

September

30

April

30

October

31

May

31

November

30

June

30

December

31

## Time

9:35

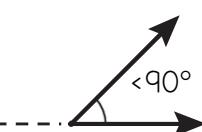


8:29

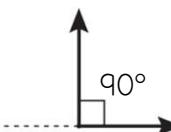


## Angles

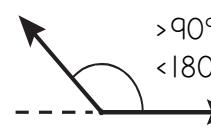
### Acute Angle



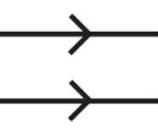
### Right Angle



### Obtuse Angle



### Parallel



### perpendicular

